





Gavin Newsom, Governor State of California

Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency Department of Consumer Affairs

1 2 3	WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE MINUTES		
3 4 5 6 7		this meeting is available at: <u>pm/watch?v=GsxAEkvHoOI</u>	
7 8 9	DATE	January 19, 2024	
10 11	TIME	8:30 a.m.	
12	LOCATIONS		
13 14 15 16	Primary Location	Department of Consumer Affairs 1625 North Market Blvd., @S-102 Sacramento, CA 95834	
17 18	Alternative Platform	WebEx Video/Phone Conference	
19	ATTENDEES		
20	Remote Locations		
21		Wendy Strack, Chair, Public Member	
22		Justin Huft, LMFT Member	
23		Eleanor Uribe, LCSW Member (at 8:43 a.m.)	
24		Dr. Annette Walker, Public Member	
25 26	Staff Present at Prima	any Location	
27	Otan i resent at i min	Steve Sodergren, Executive Officer	
28		Rosanne Helms, Legislative Manager	
29		Christy Berger, Regulatory Manager	
30		Christina Kitamura, Administrative Analyst	
31			
32	Staff Present at Remo		
33		Sabina Knight, Legal Counsel	
34 25		Kristy Schieldge, Legal Counsel	
35 36		Marlon McManus, Assistant Executive Officer	
37 38 39	Other Attendees	Public participation via WebEx video conference/phone conference and in-person at Department of Consumer Affairs	
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2 3 Wendy Strack, Chair of the Workforce Development Committee (Committee) 4 called the meeting to order at 8:32 a.m. Roll was called, and a guorum was 5 established 6 7 2. Introductions 8 9 Committee members introduced themselves during role call; staff and public 10 attendees introduced themselves. 11 12 Consent Calendar: Discussion and Possible Approval of October 27, 2023 3. 13 Licensing Committee Meeting Minutes 14 15 Motion: Approve the October 27, 2023 Licensing Committee meeting minutes as 16 amended. 17 18 M/S: Walker/Strack 19 20 Public Comment 21 Correction noted by Dr. Ben Caldwell. 22 23 Motion carried: 3 yea, 0 nay. 24

Call to Order and Establishment of Quorum

Member	Vote
Justin Huft	Yes
Wendy Strack	Yes
Eleanor Uribe	Absent
Dr. Annette Walker	Yes

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26 4. Overview of the Purpose of the Committee

28 During its last meeting, the Licensing Committee changed its name to the 29 Workforce Development Committee (Committee). The Committee reviewed and 30 discussed the draft consumer outreach document and implementation of a 31 voluntary demographic survey for exam candidates taking a Board-developed 32 exam. The Committee heard presentations from Office of Professional 33 examination Services (OPES) and from the California Alliance of Child and 34 Family Services. 35

36 A list of topics for future discussion was presented.

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5. Review of the Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) 2 Research Data Center's Race and Ethnicity of California's Health Workforce 3 Data Set 4

HCAI representatives created a report of the Board-specific license types filtered by race and ethnicity for each geographical area of California. These reports were presented in materials labeled Attachment A. Included in the materials are HCAI's key findings and background information on the data collection method.

Board staff will continue to work with HCAI to identify additional data sets, reports, and studies that may assist in future committee discussions.

13 <u>Discussion/Comments</u>

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Caldwell: Noted that when comparing the registrant population against their similar age cohort, the white, non-Hispanic individuals are significantly overrepresented among BBS registrants in the state population of adults 25-54 and are less than 32% of the state population. The population of mental health professionals appears to be lagging behind the demographic shifts that are occurring in communities. Progression from registrant to licensee is not equitable. Research shows that success from registration to licensure are linked to race and ethnicity. The HCAI data could benefit from some contextualization.

23 6. Discussion of Permitting Early Eligibility to take the Clinical Examination

The Committee discussed whether changing the timing of when applicants for licensure are permitted to take the clinical examination would provide any benefit in expediting the licensure process, and whether to consider permitting applicants for licensure to take the required clinical examination before completing all required supervised experience.

- 31 Discussion/Comments
- 32 Huft: In favor of exploring this discussion.

Strack: It seems that taking the exam immediately after completion of
coursework would impact the likelihood of passing. Asked why it is required to
take the exam after supervised clinical hours.

- Helms: (Responding to Strack's question) Some would argue that the exams are
 designed for having some supervised clinical experience.
- 41 Caldwell: 1) This bill is not pro or anti-exam. This is a workforce bill designed to 42 reduce delays to licensure. 2) Exam developers might argue that their exams 43 are intended to assess people gaining some experience. The data available is 44 limited, but it suggests that pass rates are higher when exams are taken closer to 45 when a student completes their graduate degree. There is some benefit in 46 moving the exam up in the process.

1 GV Ayers, California Association for Licensed Professional Clinical Counselors 2 (CALPCC): CALPCC is interested in legislation to enable applicants to take the 3 exam earlier and get into the workforce without delays. Taking the exam after 4 getting their hours creates a barrier to passing the exam and to licensure. 5 6 Lisa Wenninger: Shared her experience – she took the NCMHCE through NBCC 7 while she was in her master's program to become a national certified counselor. 8 When she completed her hours and applied for California licensure, the Board 9 would not accept the passing exam score even though it was only 2 years old. 10 She had to retake the exam which created delays in licensure and a financial 11 hardship. 12 13 Lisa Cigelske, BBS licensing manager: Supports permitting early eligibility to 14 take the exam. 15 16 Selena Liu Raphael, California Alliance and Child and Family Services: 17 Expressed support for permitting early eligibility to take the exam. 18 19 Cathy Atkins, California Association of Marriage and Family Therapists (CAMFT): 20 CAMFT is in favor for moving forward on this discussion. 21 22 Staff will have discussions with ASWB and NBCC and report back to the 23 Committee. 24 25 7. **Discussion of Potential Exam Alternatives** 26 27 The Board and stakeholders have expressed interest in exploring alternatives to 28 a state clinical licensure exam. Other states are also exploring alternatives. 29 30 The state of Illinois recently passed a bill that established an exam alternative for 31 clinical social worker applicants, as follows: 32 33 An applicant must attempt the Clinical Association of Social Work Boards 34 (ASWB) exam at least once (or have attempted the exam in the past 5 35 years). 36 In lieu of passing the exam, after one exam attempt, the applicant may • 37 instead choose to gain at least 3,000 hours of supervised professional experience within the past 10 calendar years. This is in addition to the 38 3,000 experience hours required for a license. 39 40 41 The Committee discussed the Illinois legislation. 42 Discussion/Comments 43 44 Caldwell: 1) Clinical exams in mental health care have been used for over 60 45 years, and there is no evidence showing that exam results correlate with future

1 behavior. Exam results correlate with race and ethnicity. 2) The Illinois bill is a 2 step in the right direction but it's imperfect. ASWB removed its opposition to the 3 bill after it was amended to require that applicants fail the exam at least once 4 before the alternative pathway is available to them. In addition, requiring an additional 3,000 hours of supervised experience, 2 years of fulltime work or the 5 6 equivalent is a large penalty for not passing the exam. 3) The best solution is to 7 remove the clinical exam requirement. 8 9 Atkins, CAMFT: CAMFT advocates to move forward with assessment and 10 research on how deep this is rooted and ways to improve it. CAMFT does not agree with all the testimony or implications about examination. CAMFT supports 11 12 researching this and not tabling it and hopes the Board will find ways to improve 13 the exam process. 14 15 Wenninger: The exams are designed to trick the test taker. The test taker must 16 think like a test designer, not like a clinician. 17 18 Tiffannie Montague-Jenkins: The test does not speak to her competency. There 19 are other gatekeeping ways, but an additional 3,000 hours is absurd. 20 21 Rachel Doyle: "You cannot boil a person down to a 150-question, multiple choice 22 exam." To be equitable and provide services that people need, the exam 23 requirement needs to be removed. 24 25 Staff will continue to monitor legislation, as well as legislation in other states, and 26 continue to have these discussions as new information emerges. 27 28 **Discussion and Possible Recommendation Regarding Proposed** 8. 29 Amendments to the Board's Additional Examination Time: English as a 30 Second Language Regulations: California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 16, Section 1805.2 31 32 33 The Board established its English as a Second Language (ESL) additional 34 examination time allowance via regulation in 2017. Section 1805.2 of Title 16 of 35 the California Code of Regulations (16 CCR), supersede any allowances offered 36 by the Board's test vendors. The regulation allows the Board to grant additional 37 exam time (time-and-a-half) to an ESL applicant if one of the following criteria is 38 met: 39 40 1. A score of 85 or below on the Test of English as a Foreign Language, 41 Internet Based Test (TOEFL-iBT), taken in the past 2 years. 42 43 2. Documentation from the qualifying master's degree program that the 44 program had granted the applicant additional exam time or another 45 allowance. 46

 Documentation that the qualifying master's degree was obtained from a school outside the U.S., and that at least half the coursework was presented in a language other than English.

The Committee discussed whether to consider any changes to regulations in 16 CCR §1805.2.

Discussion/Comments

Walker: This warrants further discussion and exploration. Asked if the additional exam time up to two hours and the use of a dictionary is enough, and asked if that has been surveyed. Would like the Board to consider granting a greater time allowance, above 2 hours. This matter is urgent and time sensitive.

Huft: Would like the Board to adopt a policy that would supersede the exemption
policies of these different organizations; adopt a policy that would only require
the test taker to attest to their first or primary language.

18 Kristy Schieldge: Advised to retain the existing options because some applicants
19 are uncomfortable with signing a declaration under penalty of perjury that may
20 subject them to criminal prosecution. If the Board wants to go with the
21 declaration, allow people as many options as possible by adding it to a number of
22 pathways for meeting the requirement. This allows other options if they are
23 uncomfortable with signing a declaration.

Uribe: Stated that adding an additional 2 hours to an already lengthy test is grueling.

Caldwell: 1) A process that can expand eligibility, creates faster processing,
maintains consistency between the professions is sensible. 2) In response to
Walker's question: For testing standards, the American Educational Research
Association (AERA) demands that there be an analysis for testing
accommodations to determine whether they are successful in leveling the playing
field. An analysis has not been done, which is another reason why the current
exam process is not in alignment with industry standards.

Atkins, CAMFT: CAMFT supports any movement to increase the pathway for
 providers whose primary language is not English and to minimize hurdles to allow
 for better access to care for patients.

- 40Motion: Direct staff to draft language amending section 1805.2 to include41another option for qualifying for the additional examination time that would42include the application certification under penalty of perjury that their primary or431st language is one other than English and explore revising the examination time44to two hours.

Helms: 1) Staff will research other DCA boards and their ESL accommodations
and bringing it back to the Committee. 2) Staff will look at the length of each of
the exams and determining how much time it is with time-and-a-half compared to
the amount of time the Committee wants to consider. Staff will bring this
information back to the Committee.

- 7 <u>M/S</u>: Walker/Huft
- 9 <u>Public Comment</u>: None
- 11 Motion carried: 4 yea, 0 nay. 12

Member	Vote
Justin Huft	Yes
Wendy Strack	Yes
Eleanor Uribe	Yes
Dr. Annette Walker	Yes

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14 9. Discussion and Possible Recommendation Regarding Licensure Pathway 15 Survey 16

Staff compiled a list of potential survey questions regarding licensure pathways and presented the draft survey to the Committee. Committee members and stakeholders reviewed the questions and provided feedback and suggestions for additional questions.

Staff will revise the draft survey based on feedback and bring it to the full board for review.

25 10. Update on the Implementation of Voluntary Demographic Survey for 26 Candidates Taking Board-Developed Exams

Board staff met with DCA's BreEZe team to determine if the voluntary demographic survey could be added to the BreEze system as a transaction that an examination candidate could complete online. It was determined that the best approach would be to replicate the California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) renewal survey process. Currently, when a Board registrant or licensee is completing an online renewal, they are redirected to the HCAI survey. The survey response data is relayed to and utilized by HCAI.

- Board staff will meet with DCA's Office of Information Services to explore this
 option further.
- 39 Discussion/Comments
- 40 Caldwell: Requests that the Board direct OPES to engage in both forms of 41 analysis (differential item functioning (DIF) and differential test functioning),

1 2 3		consistent to industry standards as both are important and they can capture different things.
4 5	11.	Review and Discussion of the Development of a Board-Developed Law and Ethics Continuing Education Course
6 7 8		To renew a registration, and AMFT, ASW, and APCC must:
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		 Take a minimum of 3 hours of continuing education (CE) coursework in California law and ethics during each renewal period, Participate in the California Law & Ethics Examination once per renewal period until passed, and Pay a renewal fee of \$150.
		The cost of a CE course can range from \$30 to \$100. To ease the financial burden, staff are recommending the creation of a Board-developed, online, 3-hour California Law and Ethics CE course that will be offered free of charge to associates. This course would be webinar-based and would be able to record an associate's participation. Staff would develop and update the coursework on an annual basis to ensure new law changes are addressed. The development of this course may require the Board to contract with a third-party to assist in the design and administration.
23 24		Discussion
25 26		All Committee members expressed that they would like to Board to pursue this.
27 28 29 30 31 32 33		Caldwell: 1) The notion that the course costs between \$30-\$100 is not entirely accurate. For many associates, the course is provided at no charge from various providers. 2) A regulatory change would be necessary for the Board to provide CE courses. 3) Expressed concern on ability of a presenter/instructor to engage in an interpretation or opinion as part of a BBS-issued course. Anything that comes out from the Board will appear to registrants as "policy of the Board."
34 35	12.	Suggestions for Future Agenda Items
36 37 38		Atkins, CAMFT: Suggested a conversation regarding the California LMFT exam versus the national exam.
39 40	13.	Public Comment for Items not on the Agenda
40 41 42 43 44		Caldwell: Dr. Caldwell sent a letter to BBS for OPES response. The letter pointed out that "neither OPES or the BBS has ever clarified for examinees which code of ethics (AAMFT or CAMFT) is the correct one for the purposes of the law and ethics exam" and for the LMFT clinical exam. Also noted that there are

and ethics exam" and for the LMFT clinical exam. Also noted that there are
"more than 20 substantive differences between the codes." After more than one

get this resolved.
vell's request
place to serve in the
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to address Caldwell's